

# Digital Signal Processing

## Assignment 1

### CLO 1 -> PLO 1

Student should score 40% in OBE specific questions to ensure their accumulated scores towards respective PLOs are above 40%

#### Question1:

- The impulse response of  $h[n]$  of a linear time invariant signal is known to be zero, except in the interval  $N0 \leq n \leq N1$ . The input is known to be zero except in the interval  $N2 \leq n \leq N3$ . As a result .the output is constrained to be zero except in some interval  $N4 \leq n \leq N5$ . Determine  $N4$  and  $N5$  in terms of  $N0$ ,  $N1$ ,  $N2$  and  $N3$ .
- If  $x[n]$  is zero, except for  $N$  consecutive points and  $h[n]$  is zero for  $M$  consecutive points, what is the maximum number of consecutive points for which  $y[n]$  can be non-zero?

#### Question 2:

By direct evaluation of convolution sum, determine the step response of linear time invariant system whose impulse response is

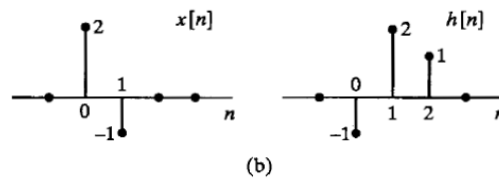
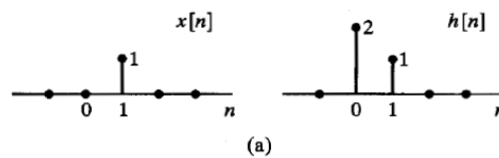
$$h[n] = a^{-n}u[-n], \quad 0 < a < 1.$$

#### Question 3:

Consider an arbitrary system with input  $x[n]$  and output  $y[n]$ . Show that if  $x[n]$  is zero for all  $n$  than  $y[n]$  must also be zero for all  $n$ .

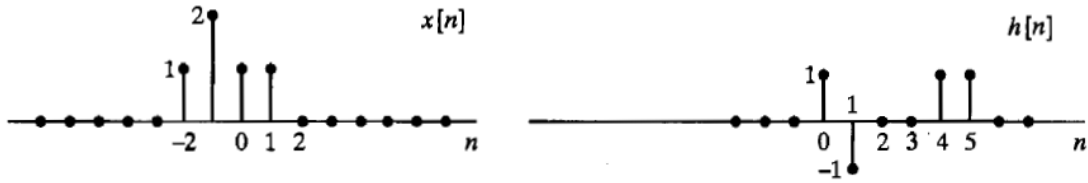
#### Question 4:

For each of the pair of sequences in Figure 1, use discrete convolution to find response to the input  $x[n]$  of a linear time invariant system with impulse response  $h[n]$ .





(c)



(d)

**Question 5:**

Using the Definition of linearity (Eq(2.26a)-(2.26b)), Show that the ideal delay system (Example 2.3) and the ideal moving averaging system (Example 2.4) are both linear.

**Question 6:**

The impulse response of a linear-time invariant system is shown in Figure 2. Determine and clearly sketch the response of this system to the input  $x[n] = u[n - 4]$ .

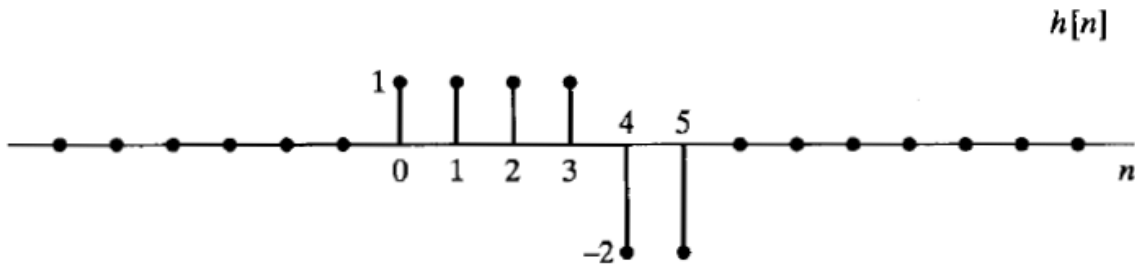


Figure 2

**Question 7:**

A linear time invariant system has impulse response  $h[n] = u[n]$ . Determine the response of this system to the input  $x[n]$  shown in figure 2 and described as

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 0, & n < 0, \\ a^n, & 0 \leq n \leq N_1, \\ 0, & N_1 < n < N_2, \\ a^{n-N_2}, & N_2 \leq n \leq N_2 + N_1, \\ 0, & N_2 + N_1 < n, \end{cases}$$

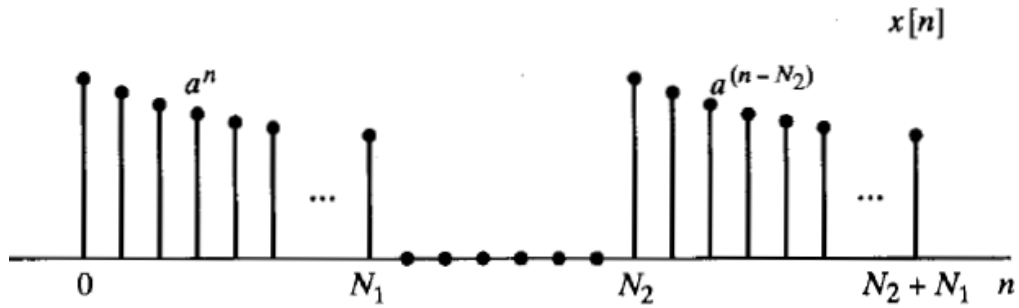


Figure 3

**Question 8:**

A discrete time signal  $x[n]$  is shown in figure 4



Figure 4

Sketch and label carefully each of the following signals:

- I.  $X[n-2]$
- II.  $X[4-n]$
- III.  $X[2n]$
- IV.  $X[n]u[2-n]$
- V.  $X[n-1]\delta[n-3]$

**Question 9:**

The system T in figure 5 is known to be time invariant. When the inputs to the system are  $x_1[n]$ ,  $x_2[n]$  and  $x_3[n]$ , the responses of the systems are  $y_1[n]$ ,  $y_2[n]$  and  $y_3[n]$  as shown

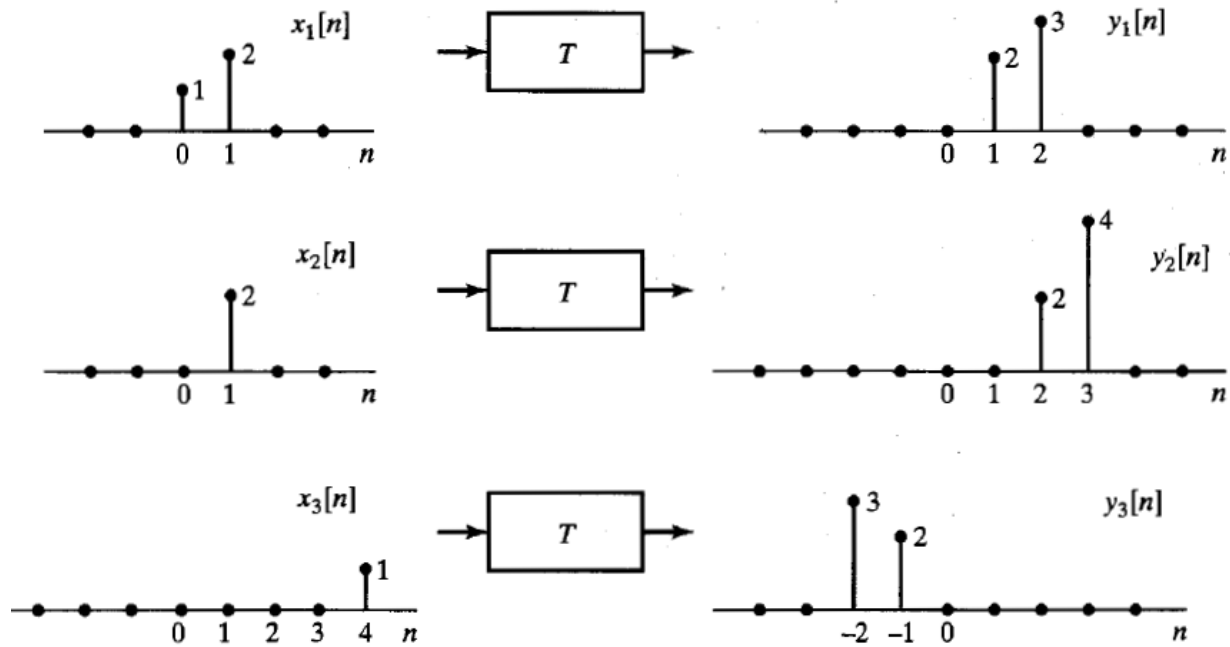
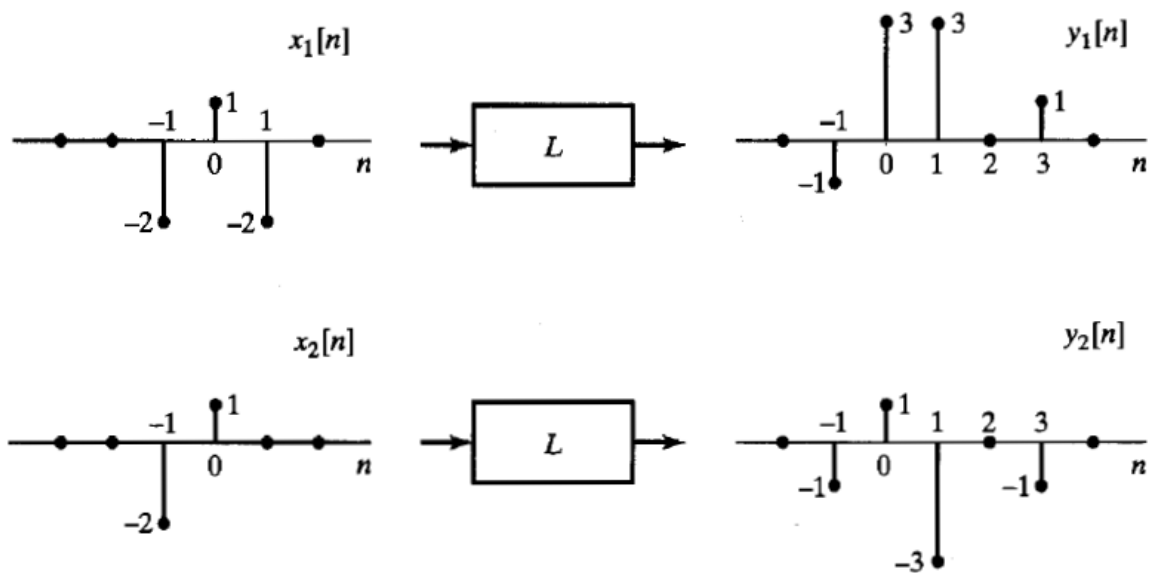


Figure 5

- Determine whether the system  $T$  could be linear.
- If the input  $x[n]$  to the system  $T$  is  $\delta[n]$ , what is the system response  $y[n]$ ?
- What are all possible inputs  $x[n]$  for which the response of the system  $T$  can be determined from the given information alone?

**Question 10:**

The System  $L$  in figure 6 is known to be linear. Shown are three output signals  $y_1[n]$ ,  $y_2[n]$  and  $y_3[n]$  in response to the input signal  $x_1[n]$ ,  $x_2[n]$  and  $x_3[n]$ , respectively.



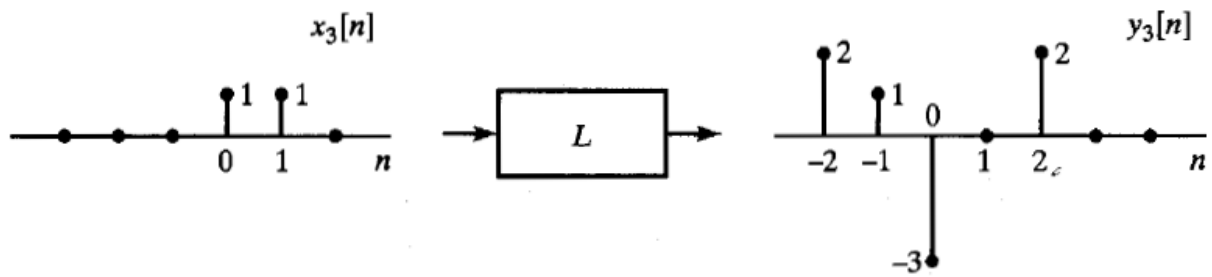


Figure 6

- Determine whether the system  $L$  could be time invariant.
- If the input  $x[n]$  to the system  $T$  is  $\delta[n]$ , what is the system response  $y[n]$ ?